Literature review 2

Women In Tech: The Facts

The literature on empowering women in IT and computer science highlights the importance of providing support, resources, and opportunities for women to excel in tech-related fields. The literature emphasizes that women's participation in technology is essential for innovation, productivity, and the company's bottom line. However, women face several challenges, including imposter syndrome, gender inequality, and underrepresentation in the tech industry. The literature suggests that promoting inclusivity, providing educational resources, and creating supportive communities can help address these challenges and advance the goal of empowering women in technology careers.

Several organizations and initiatives are dedicated to this cause, such as Women in Tech® Global, Women in Technology (WIT), Women Who Code, and others. These organizations offer various programs, including mentoring, networking, career support, and advocacy to help women thrive in technology careers. The literature also highlights the importance of addressing biases and barriers that hinder women's advancement in the tech industry. Biases such as unconscious bias, stereotype threat, and tokenism can pose problems for all workplaces, but they can be even more pronounced in "majority-group" environments, as is the case in many tech companies or departments. In such an environment, systems emerge to reflect and meet the needs of the majority-group population. However, if these policies or systems do not change with the times, they can inadvertently inhibit the success of members who differ from the majority. The literature also identifies several barriers to retention and advancement of underrepresented groups in technical fields. These barriers include managerial relationships, isolation, performance evaluations and promotion, and competing life responsibilities. Technical managers often have less training or expertise when it comes to effectively managing people, and a lack of sponsors and informal networks makes it more difficult for women to navigate "unwritten" company rules and norms. Many technical women report feeling stalled in their careers, and in performance evaluation, women receive advice that they need to be "less abrasive" or should "tone it down" much more frequently than do men.

To address these challenges and barriers, the literature suggests taking an ecosystem approach to change. This approach involves enlisting top leadership support, educating managers, and collecting appropriate data to lay the groundwork for informed change efforts. It is also important to make explicit the important role that male (or majority-group) allies and advocates can play in accelerating change. By following these recommendations, organizations can create more inclusive and productive environments that empower women in IT and computer science.

Women in Computer Science: Experience, Motivation and Culture

Fisher et al. (1997) conducted a study to understand women's attachment and detachment from computer science and to find ways for Carnegie Mellon University (CMU) to intervene at the undergraduate level in favor of gender equity in computer science. The study found that women are underrepresented in computer science at CMU and in other higher education institutions across the nation. The study also found that a significant gap exists between male and female prior experience in computer science, with men being more prepared for their computer science courses than women. However, this gap does not necessarily translate into better performance in the classroom. Female students often report lower confidence levels in their computing abilities and experiences compared to their male counterparts. Women's interest in computer science often evolves over time, rather than being an immediate, intense interest as it is for men. Women tend to be more focused on the practical applications of computer science and see it as a tool to use within a broader context of education, medicine, communication, art, and music. Women in computer science face various barriers, including a lack of role models, gender-insensitive course materials, and a hostile climate in some classrooms.

To address these challenges and barriers, the literature suggests promoting inclusivity, providing educational resources, creating supportive communities, addressing biases and barriers, and encouraging role models and mentorship. Organizations can create more inclusive and productive environments that empower women in IT and computer science by following these recommendations.

Why women avoid computer science

The literature review "Why Women Avoid Computer Science" by Haney (2001) discusses the underrepresentation of women in computer science and the potential reasons behind it. The author challenges common speculations, such as math anxiety, and offers a different perspective. Haney suggests that the ill-defined nature of computing, as opposed to the precision of mathematics, may be a factor driving women away from computer science. The author also discusses the influence of the microcomputer revolution on the gender composition of computer science, proposing that the field became less attractive to women as it shifted from a focus on software to hardware tinkering. Additionally, the review addresses the perceived lack of professionalism in the field and the difficulty of the computer science curriculum as factors that may deter women. Haney concludes by proposing changes to make computer science more appealing to women, such as teaching programming as a form of logic, minimizing reliance on complex software tools, and emphasizing the determinate nature of computing.

Barriers to Women in Undergraduate Computer Science

The underrepresentation of women in computer science is a persistent issue, with significant disparities observed worldwide. Scragg & Smith's (1998) study delves into this issue at SUNY Geneseo, a university facing a similar trend. Their research sheds light on the specific barriers hindering women's participation in computer science programs and proposes strategies to address them. This paper explores the barriers faced by women in undergraduate computer science and aims to understand their attachment and detachment from the field.

A multitude of factors have been identified as potential barriers for women in computer science:

The perception of computer science as a "masculine" field, often associated with introverted, socially awkward individuals, can discourage women from pursuing it. The historical and ongoing underrepresentation of women in computer science creates a dearth of female role models, making the field seem less attainable for young women. A culture of competitiveness, lack of collaboration, and sometimes discriminatory attitudes within computer science classrooms and departments can alienate women. Insufficient support systems, such as mentoring programs or peer networks, can leave women feeling isolated and unsupported in their pursuit of computer science.

This research reveals that the primary challenge lies in recruitment, not retention. They observed that few women initially express interest in majoring in computer science, even among those enrolled in introductory courses. This contradicts the common assumption that women primarily leave the field due to negative experiences within the major.

References:

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Citations:

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